

Annex of the Country Development Cooperation Policy (or the Country Assistance Policy)

Rolling Plan for Solomon Islands

As of September 2024

Basic Policy of Assistance	Support for the achievement of sustainable economic development and the improvement of the living standard through the assistance for the economic and the social sectors																
Priority Area 1	Overcoming Vulnerability																
Development Issue 1-1 Development and Maintenance of Social and Economic Infrastructure	[Background and current situation] Solomon Islands National Development Strategy (2016-2035) sets sustainable improvement of living standards and economic growth through industrial development as national goals. However, the delay in developing basic economic and social infrastructure, such as transportation, water supply, electricity, and communications, hinders economic activities and industrial development.							[Strategy] In collaboration with other development partners, Japan supports the development of critical economic and social infrastructure in the capital, Honiara, and other major provincial areas, while also fostering human resources to ensure their development and maintenance.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project						Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
								Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028				
		Interlocking Block Pavement						EXP								8,9	
		Follow-Up Cooperation (Survey) on the Project for Improvement of Water Supply System in Honiara and Auki						FU								6,9	
		Training Programs in Development and Maintenance of Social and Economic Infrastructure and Renewable Energy Sector						TR								7	
		Grant Assistance for Grassroots Human Security Projects (Water Supply)						GGP								6	
		Advisor for Capacity Improvement of Urban Transport Management in Honiara						EXP								9,11,13	
		Support for Macroeconomic and Monetary Policy Implementation (for Pacific Island Countries)						ML								8	The Pacific Financial Technical Assistance
Development Issue 1-2 Expansion of Economic Activities	[Background and current situation] Solomon Islands is urgently required to diversify and revitalize its economy and foster industries that drive economic growth, to break away from a single economic structure reliant on marine resources and timber exports, all from the perspective of sustainable resource utilization. Furthermore, the diversification of the economic structure, including the development of small-scale industries, is a pressing issue in order to alleviate the concentration of the population in urban areas and rectify regional disparities.							[Strategy] Japan provides comprehensive support for securing means and skills to obtain cash income through vocational training, as well as for the development, revitalization, and promotion of local industries.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project						Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
								Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028				
		Sustainable Forest Resource Management Advisor						EXP								13,15	
		Follow-up Cooperation for TR "Sustainable Forestry Management"						FU								13,15	
		Advisor for Promotion of Community-Based Coastal Resource Management						EXP								1,13,15	
		Improvement of Crop Pest and Disease Control Measures in the Solomon Islands						GANP								2,8,15	
		Agro-scientific Network to Promote Food Security(Agri-Net)						TR								2,13,15	
		Economic Development and Agricultural Promotion						TR								12,15	
		Volunteers in Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries						JOCV								13,15	
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Fisheries)						GA							2.00	8,9,14	Fisheries and marine resource sector
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Sawmill)						GA							2.00	8,9,15	Forestry sector
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Fishery Research Center)						GA							5.11	2,8,9	Fisheries sector
		International Fisheries Promotion Coopertation Projects						TC by MAFF								14	

Development Issue 1-3 Improvement of Health & Medical Services	[Background and current situation] While development indicators in the health sector of Solomon Islands show an improving trend, chronic financial shortages continue to pose challenges improving healthcare services in the provinces and implementing public health initiatives for residents.		[Strategy] Based on National Health Strategic Plan (2021-2031), Japan supports initiatives for improving regional healthcare services and providing care to residents for non-communicable diseases, infectious diseases, as well as maternal and child health. Furthermore, Japan supports the development of healthcare facilities.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028			
		The Project for Construction of Kilu'ufi Hospital	GA									
		Training Programs in Health & Medical Service	TR									
		Volunteers in Health & Medical Service	JOCV									
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Countermeasures against COVID-19)	GA							3.00	3	
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Medical container and peripherals)	GA							2.00	3	
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Medical equipment)	GA							2.00	3	
		The Project for Strengthening Capacity of Health for COVID-19 Crisis (UNICEF)	GA							22.53	3	Regional project targeting multiple countries
The Project for Supporting Digital Health System for Infectious Diseases Control in the Pacific Island Countries (UNICEF)	GA							12.48	3	Regional project targeting multiple countries		
Development Issue 1-4 Strengthening of Education System	[Background and current situation] The Government of Solomon Islands considers the expansion of primary education as one of its key priorities. However, while the primary school enrollment rate has improved, the dropout rate remains persistently high. Due to a chronic financial deficit, the development of educational infrastructure and the capacity building for education personnel have been delayed, making the improvement of the quality of educational services a significant challenge.		[Strategy] To align with the Solomon Islands National Education Action Plan (NEAP) 2021-2025, Japan provides support focused on improving the quality of education in the primary education sector. Furthermore, Japan supports the development of educational facilities to improve access to education.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028			
		SDGs Global Leader Training Program	TR								4	
		Training Programs in Education	TR								4	
		Volunteers in Education Sector	JOCV								4	
		Grant Assistance for Grassroots Human Security Projects (School Building and dormitories)	GGP								4.00	
Project for Human Resource Development Scholarship (JDS)		GA								4		
Development Issue 1-5 Capacity Building in Maritime Safety and Security	[Background and current situation] Maintaining a free and open maritime order based on the rule of law is indispensable for Solomon Islands, which possesses a particularly vast exclusive economic zone (EEZ) even among island nations, to conduct stable maritime trade and sustainable fishing. In particular, enhancing its capacity in the field of maritime security, which includes countermeasures against the recent increase in IUU (illegal, Unreported and Unregulated) fishing, has become a critical issue.		[Strategy] As the ocean is a vital resource for Solomon Islands, Japan supports capacity building in the maritime security field, including maritime law enforcement, in order to protect and preserve the order of the ocean. Furthermore, Japan supports maritime transport-related infrastructure that conforms to international standards, to strengthen connectivity through the development of the Solomon Islands' maritime transport network, given its geopolitically important location.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note
				Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028			
		The Project for Development Support of Electric Navigational Charts for Honiara and Noro Ports in Solomon Islands	TCDP							4.33	9,14	
		Training Program in Maritime Safety & Security	TR								14,16	
The Project for Strengthening Capacity of Maritime Law Enforcement Agencies for Effective Maritime Crime Control in the Pacific Island Countries (UNODC)		GA							8.17	10,16	Regional project targeting multiple countries	
	[Background and current situation] The Government of Solomon Islands aims to build a nation with stable and effective governance and security. However, its administrative systems are not yet fully organized, and strengthening effective and efficient governance, administrative, and fiscal management capacity remains a challenge for supporting the economy.		[Strategy] In collaboration with other development partners, Japan supports the strengthening of the Solomon Islands Government's institutional capacity by assisting foundational social and economic systems related to governance, administration, and fiscal management, as well as through capacity-building support and the provision of equipment.									
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note

Development Issue 1-6 Strengthening of Governance	Governance Capacity Improvement Program	Public Investment Management	EXP									8,9,11	
		Training Programs for Governance, Public Debt Management and Police Capacity Building	TR									8,9,11	
		Human Resource Development for International Public Law	TR									10,16	
		International Public Policy Program	TR									10,11	
		The Economic and Social Development Programme (Landing Craft)	GA									11,16	UXO sector
		Grant Assistance for Grassroots Human Security Projects (UXO)	GGP									11,16	
		Solomon Islands Transparency & Accountability Project (UNDP)	GA									10,16	
		Strengthening Legislatures' Capacity in Pacific Island Countries Project (UNDP)	GA							8.32	10,16	Regional project targeting multiple countries	
Priority Area 2	Environment, Climate Change and Disaster Management												
Development Issue 2-1 Climate Change	[Background and current situation] For Solomon Islands, climate change remains "the only and the biggest threat," with the nation exposed to natural disaster risks, such as cyclones and floods, whose impacts are feared to be intensifying in recent years. Japan will strongly support all such climate change measures - including building organizational structures resilient to natural disasters, enhancing disaster management capacity through community-led efforts, and advancing the energy transition (including Green Transformation or GX) - to contribute to the realization of a green and resilient island nation		[Strategy] In line with the National Disaster Management Plan, Japan supports the promotion of energy transition, the provision of equipment to enhance management capacity, human resource development, and the dissemination of community-based disaster risk management and prevention activities. Japan also works to avoid duplicating efforts with other development partners, ensuring its support is effective through coordinated collaboration.										
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note	
				Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028				
		Project for Innovative Solutions for Pacific Climate Change Resilience	TCP							3.40	7,11,13,17	Regional project targeting multiple countries	
		Advisor for Promotion of Renewable Energy	EXP								7,11,13		
		Human Resource Development in the GX Energy Sector	TR								7,9,11,13		
		Training Programs in DRR, Climate Change & Energy	TR								11,13		
		Volunteers in DRR	JOCV								7,13		
	The Economic and Social Development Programme (Geology and Solar Streetlights)	GA							4.00	7,8	Climate Change		
Development Issue 2-2 Environmental Conservation	[Background and current situation] Waste is rapidly increasing in the capital and provincial cities, and waste management issues are becoming more serious year by year. The government formulated the Solomon Islands National Waste Management and Pollution Control Strategy in 2017. However, due to a lack of finance and other factors, countermeasures have not progressed sufficiently, making the development of legislation suited to the current situation, the enhancement of waste management capacity, and the improvement of public awareness key challenges.		[Strategy] Japan supports the promotion of environmental education to raise public awareness, while also assisting in the improvement of waste management capacity through regional technical cooperation in the Pacific.										
	Japan's Assistance Program	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	SDGs	Note	
				Before JFY 2023	JFY 2024	JFY 2025	JFY 2026	JFY 2027	JFY 2028				
	Environmental Conservation Program	Project for Promotion of Regional Initiatives on Solid Waste Management in Pacific Island Countries (JPRISM) Phase 3	TCP							12.60	11,12,14	Regional project targeting multiple countries	
		Training Programs in Environment & Waste Management	TR								12,13		
	Volunteers in Environment Sector	JOCV								4,12			

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [DD] = Detailed Design, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [ICT] = In-Country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [JPP] = JICA Partnership Program, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [PCP-TC] = Private Companies Proposed Technical Cooperation, [GA] = Grant Aid, [FA] = Food Aid, [CSA] = Cultural Grant Assistance, [GGP] = Grant Assistance for Cultural Grassroots Projects, [EGA] = Emergency Grant Aid, [GANP] = Grant Aid for Japanese NGOs Projects, [GGP] = Grant Aid for Grassroots Human Security Projects, [LA] = Loan Aid (ODA Loan), [DCS] = Data collection Survey, [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, [SME PPS] = Small and Medium-Sized Enterprise (SME) Partnership Promotion Survey, [SDGs BMFS] = SDGs Business Model Formulation Survey with the Private Sector, [SDGs BVS] = SDGs Business Verification Survey with the Private Sector and SDGs Business Validation Survey, [SDGs BNCS] = SDGs Business Needs Confirmation Survey, Solid Line [—] = Schedule, Dash Line [- - -] = Tentative Schedule

※この凡例にない略語を使用する場合は凡例に当概略語を記載したうえで使用する。
[SDGs Goals Targets]: 1[No Poverty], 2[Zero Hunger], 3[Good Health and Well-Being], 4[Quality Education], 5[Gender Equality], 6[Clean Water and Sanitation], 7[Affordable and Clean Energy], 8[Decent Work and Economic Growth], 9[Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure], 10[Reduced Inequalities], 11[Sustainable Cities and Communities], 12[Responsible Consumption and Production], 13[Climate Action], 14[Life Below Water], 15[Life on Land], 16[Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions], 17[Partnerships for the Goals]
[Outline of SDGs]: https://www.mofa.go.jp/policy/oda/sdgs/index.html#about_sdgs